Code No: 123AP

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B.Tech II Year I Semester Examinations, March - 2017 ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING

(Common to AME, CE, CEE, ME, MSNT, PTM)

Time: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 75

Note: This question paper contains two parts A and B.

Part A is compulsory which carries 25 marks. Answer all questions in Part A. Part B consists of 5 Units. Answer any one full question from each unit. Each question carries 10 marks and may have a, b, c as sub questions.

PART-A

(25 Marks)

- 1.a) Define: i) Inductance and ii) Capacitance.
 - b) Compare Moving coil with Moving iron instruments. [3]
 - c) Explain what happens when a dc motor is connected across an ac supply? [2]
- d) Why starter is necessary for a dc motor? Give the relevant expressions.[3]
- Why statistics necessary not a de motor: Lave the relevant expressions.

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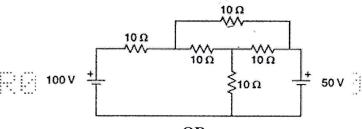
 [2]
 - f) State various applications of induction motor. [3]
 - g) Define holding current and latching current of SCR. [2]
 - h) The collector current is 2.9mA in a certain transistor. If the base current is 100μ A, what is the value of α ?
 - Mention the names of the voltage and the electrode system that controls the brightness of the image of the names of the display on the screen of the CRO...[2]
 - j) State a few applications of a CRO in electronic circuits in laboratory. [3]

PART-B

(50 Marks)

[2]

2.a) Explain the constructional features of PMMC instrument with a neat sketch: [5+5] Find the currents flowing in all the resistances in the figure.



OR

- 3.a) Three equal resistors each of R ohms are connected in delta. Derive the value of resistors in the equivalent star.
- b) What are the essential requirements of measuring instruments? [5+5
 - 4.a) Derive the expression of induced emf of dc generator.
 - b) A 25-kW, 250V, DC shunt generator has armature and field resistances of 0.06 ohms and 100 ohms respectively. Determine the total armature power developed when working as a motor taking 25kW input. [5+5]

	b)	their relevant voltage equations b) State the applications of the following DC motors: i) series ii) shunt. [8+2] 6.a) "Transformer is a constant flux machine". Justify the statement. Sketch the necessary plots for determination of the regulation of alternator by synchronous impedance method and give necessary expressions. [6+4] OR 7.a) Discuss the principle of operation of induction motor with neat sketch. b) A single phase transformer has 50 primary and 1000 secondary turns. Net-cross sectional area of the core is 500 cm². If the primary winding is connected to 50 Hz supply at 400 V, Calculate the value of maximum flux density on core and the emf induced in the secondary. [6+4] 8.a) Discuss how a transistor can be used as current amplifier. b) A diode operating at 300 K has V _(forward) of 0.4V across it when the current it is 10mA and 0.42V when the current is twice as large. What values of 'Io' and 'n' allow the diode to be modeled by the diode equation? OR 9.a) Explain how SCR is turned on by its gate? b) Sketch the characteristic of PN junction. Explain the dependence of this characteristic on junction temperature. [5+5] Write a short note on Electrostatic and Magnetic deflections in CRO. Mention the importance of specification of electrostatic deflection sensitivity during process of purchase of a CRO.					
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	b) 2						
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	11. I	Describe a method	**** ***	OR C voltage using a	a CRO. □ □	[10]	**************************************
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