Code No: 09A60405

**R09** 

## JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY, HYDERABAD B. Tech III Year II Semester Examinations, June - 2014 DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSING

(Electronics and Communication Engineering)

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 75

## Answer any five questions All questions carry equal marks

1.a) Write whether an LTI system with an impulse response represented below is causal or not? Justify.

h[n] = u[n+2] - u[n-2]

b) Write whether an LTI system with an impulse response represented below is stable or not? Justify.

 $h[n] = 3^n u[-n-1]$ 

c) Determine the range of values of 'a' for which an LTI system represented below is stable,

$$h[n] = a^n$$
 for  $n \ge 0$   
= 0 otherwise.

2.a) Find the convolution of the sequences  $x_1[n]$  and  $x_2[n]$  using overlap add method.

 $x_1[n] = \{3,-1,0,12,3,0,1,1,2\}$  $x_2[n] = \{1,1,1\}$ 

- b) Obtain the relationship between DTFT and DFS.
- 3.a) Compute the DFT of the sequence  $x[n] = \{1,2,3,4,3,4,1,2\}$  using DIT FFT algorithm. Write the steps involved.
  - b) Compute IDFT of  $X(k) = \{4,-1,0,-1\}$  using FFT technique.
- 4.a) Realize a filter with transfer function in parallel and cascade forms

 $H(z) = \frac{3 + 3.6z^{-1} + 0.6z^{-2}}{1 + 0.1z^{-1} - 0.2z^{-2}}.$ 

- b) Determine the frequency response of the system represented by the difference equation y(n) + 3y(n-1) + 2y(n-2) = 2x(n) x(n-1) and comment up on the stability of the system.
- 5.a) For the analog filter with transfer function H(s) = 2/(s+1)(s+3), determine H(z) using bilinear transformation technique. Use T = 0.1 sec.
  - b) Explain impulse invariant method of IIR filter design.

6.a) Compare FIR and IIR filters.

- b) Design a high pass FIR filter whose cut-off frequency is 1.4 rad/sec and N=5 using Hamming window.
- 7.a) Explain the process of decimation using relevant expressions and block diagram.
  - b) Explain the implementation of polyphase filter structure for interpolator.
- 8. Write notes on:

a) Limit cycles

- b) Over flow oscillations
- c) Dead band effects.

\*\*\*\*\*\*