

22/01/25

Code No.: R22CS58315OE

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**CMR ENGINEERING COLLEGE: : HYDERABAD**  
**UGC AUTONOMOUS**

**II-M.TECH-I-Semester End Examinations (Regular) - January- 2025**  
**OPERATIONS RESEARCH (OE)**

(VLSI SD)

[Time: 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks: 60]

**Note:** This question paper contains two parts A and B.

Part A is compulsory which carries 10 marks. Answer all questions in Part A.

Part B consists of 5 Units. Answer any one full question from each unit. Each question carries 10 marks and may have a, b, c as sub questions.

**PART-A**

(10 Marks)

1. a) Why is sensitivity analysis important in decision-making? [1M]
- b) Define inventory control. [1M]
- c) Define infeasible solution. [1M]
- d) Write one real-world application of dual simplex method. [1M]
- e) How does nonlinear programming differ from linear programming? [1M]
- f) List the major differences between PERT and CPM. [1M]
- g) Name the algorithm used for solving a sequencing model problem. [1M]
- h) Define the term "idle time" in scheduling. [1M]
- i) How can dynamic programming solve network flow problems? [1M]
- j) Define "dominant strategy" in the context of game theory. [1M]

**PART-B**

(50 Marks)

2. What do you mean by sensitivity analysis? Discuss sensitivity analysis with respect to (i) Change in the constraint matrix (ii) Addition of a new constraint. [10M]

**OR**

3. The weekly demand of a certain product follows a normal distribution with a mean of 500 units and a standard deviation of 100 units. The lead time is 2 weeks, and the company desires a 95% service level. Determine: (i) The reorder point and (ii) The safety stock. [10M]

4. Solve the following problem by the graphical method.

$$\text{Maximize } Z = 2X_1 + 2X_2$$

Subject to

$$5X_1 + 2X_2 \geq 10$$

$$X_1 + X_2 \leq 5$$

$$2X_1 + 5X_2 \geq 10$$

$$0 \leq X_1 \leq 4$$

$$0 \leq X_2 \leq 4$$

[10M]

**OR**

5. Consider the following problem where the initial solution is infeasible. Use the dual simplex method to solve:

$$\text{Minimize } Z = X_1 + 2X_2$$

subject to

$$2X_1 + X_2 \leq 6$$

$$X_1 + X_2 \geq 5$$

$$X_1, X_2 \geq 0$$

[10M]

6. Use the Kuhn-Tucker conditions to determine  $X_1$ ,  $X_2$  and  $X_3$  so as to maximize  
 $Z = -X_1^2 - X_2^2 - X_3^2 + 4X_1 + 6X_2$   
 subject to  
 $X_1 + X_2 \leq 2$   
 $2X_1 + 3X_2 \leq 12$   
 and  $X_1, X_2 \geq 0$  [10M]

OR

7. A project has the following characteristics. Construct a PERT network. Find the critical path and variance for each event.

Activity	Most optimistic time	Most pessimistic time	Most likely time
1-2	1	5	1.5
2-3	1	3	2
2-4	1	5	3
3-5	3	5	4
4-5	2	4	3
4-6	3	7	5
5-7	4	6	5
6-7	6	8	7
7-8	2	6	4
7-9	5	8	6
8-10	1	3	2
9-10	3	7	5

[10M]

8. A company has to process five items on three machines A, B and C. Processing times are given in the following table:

Item	A <sub>i</sub>	B <sub>i</sub>	C <sub>i</sub>
1	4	4	6
2	9	5	9
3	8	3	11
4	6	2	8
5	3	6	7

[10M]

Find the sequence that minimizes the total elapsed time.

OR

9. Minimize  $Z = X_1 X_2^2 X_3^{-1} + 2X_1^{-1} X_2^{-3} X_4 + 10X_1 X_3$   
 Subjected to  
 $3X_1^{-1} X_3^{-2} X_4^{-2} + 4X_3 X_4 \leq 1$   
 $5 X_1 X_2 \leq 1$   
 Solve the geometric programming problem [10M]

10. Apply the dynamic programming to solve the following problem.  
 Minimize  $f(y) = x_1^2 + x_2^2 + x_3^2$   
 $x_1 + x_2 + x_3 \geq 12$   
 $x_1, x_2, x_3 \geq 0$  [10M]

OR

11. Solve the game whose payoff matrix is given below

	B <sub>1</sub>	B <sub>2</sub>	B <sub>3</sub>	B <sub>4</sub>	B <sub>5</sub>	B <sub>6</sub>
A <sub>1</sub>	1	3	-1	4	2	-5
A <sub>2</sub>	-3	5	6	1	2	0

[10M]

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