Note: This question paper contains two parts A and B.

[Time: 3 Hours]

R22

H.T.No.

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[Max. Marks: 60]

CMR ENGINEERING COLLEGE: : HYDERABAD UGC AUTONOMOUS

III-B.TECH-I-Semester End Examinations (Regular) - December- 2024 INTRODUCTION TO CYBER LAW

(CSC)

INC	Part A is compulsory which carries 10 marks. Answer all questions in Part A.	
	Part B consists of 5 Units. Answer any one full question from each unit. Each qu	estion
	carries 10 marks.	
	$\underline{PART-A} \tag{10}$	Marks)
1. a)	State the primary purpose of cyber law in India.	[1M]
b)	Define "cyber law."	[1M]
c)	List one type of offence covered under the IT Act, 2000.	[1M]
d)	Define a digital signature as per the IT Act, 2000.	[1M]
e)	Summarize the importance of electronic contracts in e-commerce.	[1M]
f)	List the type of cybercrimes covered under The IT Act, 2000.	[1M]
g)	State the function of the Cyber Appellate Tribunal under The IT Act, 2000.	[1M]
h)	Name one key law related to cloud computing in India.	[1M]
i)	Identify one basic rule for safe operation of computers and the internet.	[1M]
j)	State the importance of safe browsing practices when using the internet.	[1M]
PART-B (50 Marks)		
2.	Outline the goals of the National Policy on Information Technology, 2012.	[10M]
	OR	[TOIVI]
3.	Differentiate between the original provisions of the IT Act, 2000, and its subsequent amendments.	[10M]
4.	Discuss the significance of e-governance as outlined in the IT Act, 2000.	[10M]
	OR	[TOIVI]
5.	Illustrate the process of issuing an electronic signature certificate under the IT Act, 2000.	[10M]
6.	Explain the framework provided by The IT Act, 2000, for regulating electronic contracts.	[10M]
	OR	
7.	Illustrate the measures outlined in The IT Act, 2000, to prevent cyber frauds with relevant examples.	[10M]
8.	Explain the function of the Controller of Certifying Authorities (CCA) under The IT Act, 2000.	[10M]
0	OR	
9.	Illustrate how the Indian Computer Emergency Response Team (ICERT) can be used to mitigate a cybersecurity breach in a government department.	[10M]
10.	Explain the role of the Criminal Law (Amendment) Act, 2013, in tackling cyberstalking and online harassment in India. OR	[10M]
11.	Assess the strengths and weaknesses of the current procedure for reporting cybercrimes and suggest improvements.	[10M]