

Code No.: ME603PC

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CMR ENGINEERING COLLEGE: : HYDERABAD
UGC AUTONOMOUS
III-B.TECH-II-Semester End Examinations (Regular) - May- 2023
FINITE ELEMENT METHODS
(MECH)

[Time: 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks: 70]

Note: This question paper contains two parts A and B.

Part A is compulsory which carries 20 marks. Answer all questions in Part A.

Part B consists of 5 Units. Answer any one full question from each unit. Each question carries 10 marks and may have a, b, c as sub questions.

PART-A

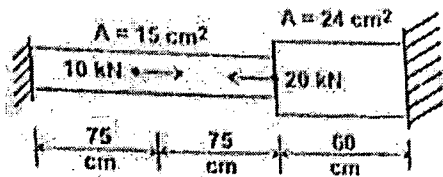
(20 Marks)

1. a) What is the general procedure of the finite element method? [2M]
- b) What is a one-dimensional problem in the context of the finite element method? [2M]
- c) What is a truss and mention some common applications of trusses in mechanical engineering? [2M]
- d) What is the difference between a two-noded and a three-noded beam element? [2M]
- e) What is a constant strain triangle and how is it used in finite element analysis? [2M]
- f) What is the purpose of finite element modeling in axisymmetric solids subjected to Axi-symmetric loading? [2M]
- g) How is one-dimensional analysis used to model heat transfer in a fin? [2M]
- h) How do the geometric properties of a heat transfer structure affect the temperature distribution? [2M]
- i) How are the Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors calculated for a stepped bar in dynamic analysis? [2M]
- j) What is the difference between hexahedral and tetrahedral elements in 3D stress analysis? [2M]

PART-B

(50 Marks)

2. For a stepped bar loaded as shown in figure. Determine a) Nodal displacements b) support Reactions. [10M]

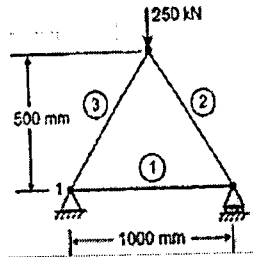


OR

- 3.a) Can you describe the general procedure of the Finite Element Method and how it is applied in engineering applications? [6M]
- b) How has the development of Finite Element Methods impacted the field of engineering? [4M]

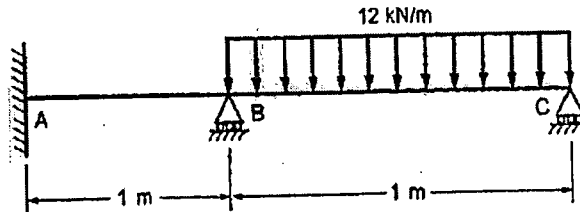
4. Consider a three-bar truss as shown in fig. it is given that $E = 20 \times 10^5 \text{ N/mm}^2$. Calculate the [10M]
following:

- i. Nodal displacements.
 - ii. Stress in each member
- Area of element (1) = 2000 mm^2
 Area of element (2) = 2500 mm^2
 Area of element (3) = 2500 mm^2

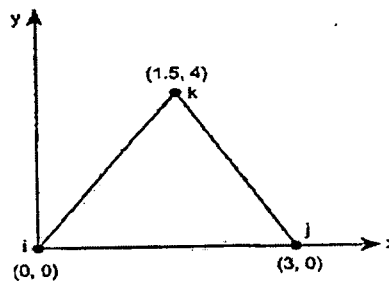


OR

5. For the beam and loading shown in fig, calculate the slopes at B and C. [10M]



6. Evaluate the element stiffness matrix for the triangular element shown in fig, under plane stress conditions, Assume the following values; $E = 2 \times 10^5 \text{ N/mm}^2$; $\nu = 0.3$; $t = 10 \text{ mm}$. [10M]



OR

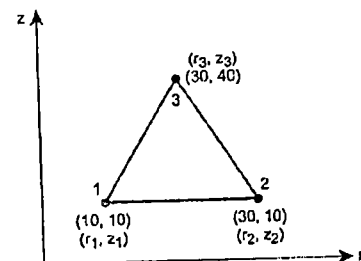
7. The nodal co-ordinates for an axisymmetric triangular element are given below. [10M]

$r_1 = 10 \text{ mm}; z_1 = 10 \text{ mm}$

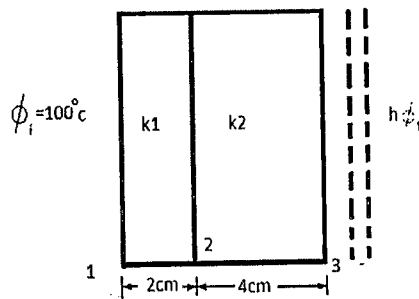
$r_2 = 30 \text{ mm}; z_2 = 10 \text{ mm}$

$r_3 = 30 \text{ mm}; z_3 = 40 \text{ mm}$

Evaluate [B] matrix for that element.

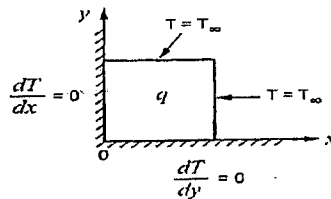


8. Determine the nodal temperatures in a composite wall shown in fig. the wall is maintained at 100°C at the left face and convection mode of heat transfer occurs between the right face and the existing fluid. Thermal conduction are $K_1=0.06\text{W}/\text{cm}^{\circ}\text{C}$, $K_2=0.2\text{ W}/\text{Cm}^{\circ}\text{C}$, Convection co-efficient of heat transfer between walls and fluid $h=0.1\text{W}/\text{cm}^2\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ and fluid is at $\phi_f=25^{\circ}\text{C}$. Consider unit area $A=1\text{cm}^2$ perpendicular to the direction of heat flow. [10M]



OR

9. Find the temperature distribution in a square region with uniform energy generation as shown in fig. Assume that there is no temperature variation in z-direction. Take $k=30\text{W}/\text{cm}^{\circ}\text{c}$, length = 10cm , $T_{\infty}=50^{\circ}\text{C}$, $q=100\text{W}/\text{cm}^3$ [10M]



- 10.a) State the properties of Eigen Values [5M]
 b) Determine the eigen values and the associated Eigen vectors of the matrix [A] given by [5M]

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 4 \\ 4 & -3 \end{bmatrix}$$

OR

- 11.a) What are the convergence requirements for a finite element analysis? [5M]
 b) How do you choose between hexahedral and tetrahedral elements for a finite element analysis? [5M]
