8R	8R 8R 8R 8R 8K <u>8K</u>
	Code No: 151AD
8R	JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD B.Tech I Year I Semester Examinations, December – 2019/January - 2020 ENGINEERING GRAPHICS (Common to CE, ME, EIE, MCT, MMT, AE, MIE, PTM) Max. Marks: 75 Answer all five questions All questions carry equal marks
8R	Draw a hyperbola when the eccentricity is 3/2 and the distance between focus and directrix is 55mm. Also draw tangent and normal to the curve at a point 40mm from focus. b) An area of 144 sq.cm on a map represents an area of 36 sq.km on the field. Find the RF of the scale, and draw a diagonal scale to show kilometres, hectametres and decametres and to measure upto 10km. Mark a length of 7km, 5hm and 6dm on the scale. [8+7] OR
8R	2.a) A circle of diameter 50 mm is rolling on another circle of diameter 50 mm. Draw the path traced out by a point on the rolling circle for half revolution of the rolling circle. The distance between two stations is 100 km and on a road map it is shown by 30 cm. Draw a diagonal scale and indicate distances of 46.8 km and 32.4 km on it. [8+7]
8R	 3.a) A line PQ, inclined at 30° to the H.P., has the end P at 20 mm above the H.P. and 10 mm in front of the V.P. The front view of the line is 70 mm long and inclined at 60° to the reference line. Draw the projections of the line and determine its true length and inclinations with the principal planes. b) A circular lamina with a 60 mm diameter has its centre 40 mm above the H.P. and 30 mm in front of the V.P. The surface of the lamina is perpendicular to the H.P. and inclined at 45° to the V.P. Draw its projections.
8R	A 120 mm long straight line PQR, is inclined at 30° to the H.P. and 45° to the V.P. The point Q divides the line in the ratio of 1:3 and is situated 40 mm above the H.P. and 60 mm in front of the V.P. Draw its projections. b) A rectangular plate of 60 mm and 40 mm sides rests on the H.P. on the shortest edge, with its surface perpendicular to the V.P., such that the centre of the plate lies 20 mm above the H.P. and 30 mm in front of the V.P. Draw the projections of the plate and determine angle made by it with the H.P. [7+8]
8R	A cylinder, with a 50 mm base diameter and a 70 mm long axis, is resting on its base on H.P. It is cut by a section plane perpendicular to V.P., and cuts the axis at a point distant 20 mm from the top end of the axis and makes an angle of 45° with the reference line. OR OR
8P	A pentagonal pyramid, having base with a 40 mm side and a 70 mm long axis, is kept on the H.P. on its base with a side of the base perpendicular to the V.P. It is cut by an A.I.P. such that true shape of the section is a trapezium having one of the parallel sides 15 mm long and other parallel side being largest as possible. Draw its front view, sectional top view and true shape of the section.

(

(

(

(

