

Code No: 135AP

R16

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD

B. Tech III Year I Semester Examinations, December - 2019

ELECTROMAGNETIC THEORY AND TRANSMISSION LINES

(Common to ECE, ETM)

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 75

**Note:** This question paper contains two parts A and B.

Part A is compulsory which carries 25 marks. Answer all questions in Part A. Part B consists of 5 Units. Answer any one full question from each unit. Each question carries 10 marks and may have a, b as sub-questions.

**PART - A**

(25 Marks)

- 1.a) State Coloumb's Law. [2]
- b) What is Electric Potential? Give relation between E and V. [3]
- c) State Faraday's Law of electromagnetic induction. [2]
- d) What is a dielectric material? What are its applications? [3]
- e) Define Uniform Plane waves. [2]
- f) State Poynting Theorem. [3]
- g) Define Characteristic Impedance. [2]
- h) What are the different types of Transmission lines? [3]
- i) What are primary and secondary constants of Transmission line? [2]
- j) Explain about reflection coefficient. [3]

**PART - B**

(50 Marks)

- 2.a) Explain in detail about Electric Potential.
- b) Two point charges  $-4 \mu\text{C}$  and  $5 \mu\text{C}$  are located at  $(2, -1, 3)$  and  $(0, 4, -2)$  respectively. Determine the potential at  $(1, 0, 1)$  assuming zero potential at infinity. [5+5]

**OR**

- 3.a) Prove that Electric field intensity E is the negative gradient of V.
- b) Formulate the Continuity of Current equation. [5+5]

4. In a certain conducting region  $H = yz(x^2 + y^2) a_x - y^2 xz a_y + 4x^2 y^2 a_z$  A/m

- a) Determine J at  $(5, 2, -3)$
- b) Determine current passing through  $x = -1, 0 < y, z < 2$
- c) Prove that  $\nabla \cdot B = 0$ . [4+3+3]

**OR**

5. Explain the following boundary conditions with necessary equations:

- a) Dielectric-dielectric Interface
- b) Dielectric-conductor Interface. [5+5]

6. Explain the Reflection of plane waves at oblique incidences for  
a) Perfect Conductor  
b) Perfect Dielectric. [5+5]

7. Describe the following in detail  
a) Brewster Angle  
b) Critical angle and Total Internal Reflection  
c) Surface Impedance. [3+4+3]

8.a) A transmission line operating at 500MHz has  $Z_o=80 \Omega$ ,  $\alpha=0.04\text{Np/m}$ ,  $\beta=1.5 \text{ rad/m}$ . Determine the line parameters R, L, G and C.

b) Formulate the condition for Distortionless and minimum-attenuation transmission. [5+5]

OR

9.a) Explain the different types of loading in transmission lines.

b) A distortionless line has  $Z_o=60 \Omega$ ,  $\alpha=20\text{mNp/m}$ ,  $u=0.6c$ , where  $c=3 \times 10^8 \text{ m/sec}$ . Determine R, L, G, C and  $\lambda$  at  $f=100\text{MHz}$ . [5+5]

10. Formulate expressions for input impedance of:

- a) Lossy Transmission line  
b) Lossless Transmission line. [5+5]

OR

11.a) A 30m long lossless Transmission line with  $Z_o=50 \Omega$  operating at 2 MHz is terminated by a load of  $Z_L=60 + j40 \Omega$ . If  $u=0.6c$  on the line, Determine

- i) Reflection coefficient  
ii) Standing Wave Ratio  
iii) Input Impedance

b) Explain in detail the applications of Smith Chart. [6+4]