Code No: 152AB

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD B. Tech I Year II Semester Examinations, May - 2019

	B.Tech I Year II Semester Examinations, May - 2019 CHEMISTRY							
	(Common to CE, ME, ECE, EIE, MCT, MMT, AE, MIE, PTM)	and promise						
27	Time: 3 hours S S S S S S S Max. M	arks: 75						
	Note: This question paper contains two parts A and B. Part A is compulsory which carries 25 marks. Answer all questions in Part A consists of 5 Units. Answer any one full question from each unit. Each question 10 marks and may have a, b, c as sub questions.	. Part B						
8R	8R 8R 8R 8R 8R (25	() (Marks)						
	 1.a) What are the differences between atomic and molecular orbitals? b) What is Calgon? Write the reaction involved in Calgon conditioning. c) Define standard electrode potentials. d) Write the reaction involved in the addition of HBr to Propene in the presence of 	[2] [2] [2] peroxide. [2]						
8R :	e) Explain why CO ₂ is IR active. f) What do you understand by Linear combination of atomic orbitals? g) What is the significance of breakpoint chlorination in the treatment of municipal	[2] [3] water? [3]						
8R	h) Why galvanised sheets are not advised in making utensils? i) Define Enantiomers, and give example. j) Give any two selection rules for rotational spectroscopy. PART-B (5	[3] [3] [3] 0 Marks						
	2.a) Draw the molecular orbital diagram O ₂ molecule and predict the magnetic	behaviou						
8 R	of it. b) Discuss the salient features of Crystal field theory and explain the crystal field of transition metal ion d-orbitals in square planar geometries. OR 3.a) Explain the band structure of solids. Discuss how the doping influences the co	[5,5]						
,	of them. b) Draw neatly, the molecular orbital diagrams of Butadiens and Benzene.	[5+5]						
8R	4.a) Explain how brackish water can be desalinated by reverse osmosis method help of a diagram. A sample of water on analysis contains 4.2 mg/L of magnesium bicarbonate, of magnesium sulphate, 16.2 mg/L of calcium bicarbonate, 22 mg/L of calcium and 13.6 mg/L of calcium sulphate. Calculate the total, permanent and hardness of the sample and express them in degree Clark and degree French. OR	12.0 mg/l n chlorid						
	5.a) Explain Ion exchange method for softening water.b) What are the specifications of potable water?	[5+5]						

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				ificial anode meth	h suitable example nod?	es. [5+5]	
		F 5 1 5	~ -	ass electrode? Dis	scuss.	[5+5]	
	 8.a) Explain the Markownikoff's rule with suitable example. Why this rule is failed during the addition of HBr in the presence of a peroxide? b) Write the synthetic methods for Paracetamol and Aspirin. Give their pharmaceutical applications. [5+5] 						
8R	9.a) What are Conformational isomers? Discuss them with special reference to n-Butane. Give the potential energy diagram for the conformers. b) Explain the mechanism of S _N 1 and S _N 2 reactions. [5+5]						
		various mode ole region.	s of electronic	transitions wh	en a molecule	absorbs in	
8R	b) Explain t	he principle invo	olved in NMR spo OF Shift. OF s fundamental vi	RP.	8R	[5+5]	
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8R	8R	8R	==000	8 R	8R	8 Ŗ	
 . 8R	8R.	8R	8R	87	8R.	87	
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18R	8R	8R	8R	8R	8R	8R	
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8R	88	82,	88	8R	8R'	8R	